



# Inferences and Conclusions

Name: \_\_\_\_\_

Date: \_\_\_\_\_

Grade: Grade 4

## Part A: Fix the Sentence

Each sentence has an error. Rewrite it correctly on the line.

1. Fix the sentence:

*The audience clapped loudly and gave a standing ovation, so the performance must have been boring.*

Rewrite: \_\_\_\_\_

2. Fix the sentence: *Leo wore a heavy coat, boots, and a scarf, so the weather must be hot outside.*

Rewrite: \_\_\_\_\_

3. Fix the sentence: *The baby kept rubbing her eyes and yawning, so she must be full of energy.*

Rewrite: \_\_\_\_\_

## Part B: Fill in the Blank

Write the missing word or number on each line.

1. When authors do not state something directly, readers must \_\_\_\_\_ it from the clues.
2. A conclusion should be based on \_\_\_\_\_ from the text, not just a wild guess.
3. If a character clenches her fists and raises her voice, you can infer she is \_\_\_\_\_.
4. Readers combine text clues with their own \_\_\_\_\_ to understand what the author means.

## Part C: Short Answer

Answer each question in one or two complete sentences.

1. A passage says: "The sidewalk was covered with colorful chalk drawings, but the sky turned gray and rain began to fall." What can you infer will happen to the drawings?

\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_

2. Why might two readers draw different conclusions from the same passage?

\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_

**Part A: Fix the Sentence**

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Each sentence has an error. Rewrite it correctly on the line.

1. Fix the sentence:

*The audience clapped loudly and gave a standing ovation, so the performance must have been boring.*

Rewrite: **The audience clapped loudly and gave a standing ovation, so the performance must have been excellent.**

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2. Fix the sentence: *Leo wore a heavy coat, boots, and a scarf, so the weather must be hot outside.*

Rewrite: **Leo wore a heavy coat, boots, and a scarf, so the weather must be cold outside.**

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3. Fix the sentence: *The baby kept rubbing her eyes and yawning, so she must be full of energy.*

Rewrite: **The baby kept rubbing her eyes and yawning, so she must be tired.**

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**Part B: Fill in the Blank**

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Write the missing word or number on each line.

1. When authors do not state something directly, readers must **infer** it from the clues.
2. A conclusion should be based on **details** from the text, not just a wild guess.
3. If a character clenches her fists and raises her voice, you can infer she is **angry**.
4. Readers combine text clues with their own **experiences** to understand what the author means.

**Part C: Short Answer**

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Answer each question in one or two complete sentences.

1. A passage says: "The sidewalk was covered with colorful chalk drawings, but the sky turned gray and rain began to fall." What can you infer will happen to the drawings?

*The rain will probably wash away the chalk drawings because chalk dissolves in water.*

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2. Why might two readers draw different conclusions from the same passage?

*Two readers may have different background knowledge or experiences, which can lead them to focus*

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