



Cursive Fluency

Name: _____

Date: _____

Grade: Grade 4

Part A: Multiple Choice

Circle the best answer for each question.

1. Which practice best helps a student write full paragraphs in cursive without stopping?

- A) Copying one letter over and over
- B) Writing short phrases and gradually increasing length
- C) Only printing in block letters
- D) Skipping lines between every word

2. What should you check first when self-assessing a cursive paragraph?

- A) The color of your ink
- B) Whether every letter is perfectly identical
- C) That words are legible and sit on the baseline
- D) How many pages you filled

3. Which letter pair is often the hardest to connect smoothly in cursive?

- A) a to n
- B) o to w
- C) b to r
- D) e to a

4. A student writes cursive quickly but no one can read it. What is the best advice?

- A) Switch back to print permanently
- B) Slow down and focus on letter formation first
- C) Press harder with the pencil
- D) Write only in uppercase cursive

Part B: Fill in the Blank

Write the correct answer on each line.

1. When writing a paragraph in cursive, indent the first _____ .
2. A self-assessment checklist for cursive might include slant, size, and _____ .
3. Fluent writers keep a steady _____ so their writing looks uniform.
4. Resting your hand briefly between paragraphs helps prevent _____ .
5. Comparing your current cursive to earlier samples shows your _____ over time.

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Part B: Fill in the Blank

Write the correct answer on each line.

1. When writing a paragraph in cursive, indent the first line .
2. A self-assessment checklist for cursive might include slant, size, and spacing .
3. Fluent writers keep a steady rhythm so their writing looks uniform.
4. Resting your hand briefly between paragraphs helps prevent fatigue .
5. Comparing your current cursive to earlier samples shows your progress over time.