



Cursive Handwriting

Name: _____

Date: _____

Grade: Grade 3

Part A: Fix the Sentence

Each sentence has an error. Rewrite it correctly on the line.

1. Fix the sentence: Uppercase cursive letters are written the same size as lowercase letters.

Rewrite: _____

2. Fix the sentence: The cursive letter g has a tail that stays above the baseline.

Rewrite: _____

3. Fix the sentence: When writing cursive words, leave big gaps between each connected letter.

Rewrite: _____

Part B: Fill in the Blank

Write the missing word or number on each line.

1. Short cursive letters like a, c, and e fit between the baseline and the _____ line.
2. A connecting stroke that curves upward from the baseline is called an _____.
3. When you finish a cursive word, you _____ your pencil before starting the next word.
4. Cursive letters i, t, and u are in the same group because they all begin with an _____ stroke.

Part C: True or False?

Read each statement. Circle True or False.

1. The letters p, g, and q all have descenders that go below the baseline. True False
2. You should press your pencil very hard when writing in cursive. True False
3. Uppercase cursive letters always connect to the next letter in a word. True False

Part A: Fix the Sentence

Each sentence has an error. Rewrite it correctly on the line.

1. Fix the sentence: Uppercase cursive letters are written the same size as lowercase letters.

Rewrite: Uppercase cursive letters are taller than lowercase letters and touch the top line.

2. Fix the sentence: The cursive letter g has a tail that stays above the baseline.

Rewrite: The cursive letter g has a descender tail that drops below the baseline.

3. Fix the sentence: When writing cursive words, leave big gaps between each connected letter.

Rewrite: When writing cursive words, keep letters evenly spaced with no gaps between connected letters.

Part B: Fill in the Blank

Write the missing word or number on each line.

1. Short cursive letters like a, c, and e fit between the baseline and the midline line.
2. A connecting stroke that curves upward from the baseline is called an undercurve.
3. When you finish a cursive word, you lift your pencil before starting the next word.
4. Cursive letters i, t, and u are in the same group because they all begin with an undercurve stroke.

Part C: True or False?

Read each statement. Circle True or False.

1. The letters p, g, and q all have descenders that go below the baseline. True False
2. You should press your pencil very hard when writing in cursive. True False
3. Uppercase cursive letters always connect to the next letter in a word. True False